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1. [] TENG Hua, former Chinese Communist representative at the Kaesong peace talks, was in South China to command an Indochina invasion force and to make an inspection tour of Kwangtung and Kwangsi. He was also lecturing staff and command officers from lieutenants to colonels on the subjects of modern warfare and United States manpower, strength, organization, weapons, tactics and strategy. His lectures were based on battlefield conditions, statements by American prisoners of war, and on his own combat experience in Korea. 25X1
2. [] the Soviets had designated vice-chairman LIU Shao-ch'i as the highest official in charge of military and political aid to the Democratic Republic of Vietnam (DRV), LIN Ting (林 鼎) was LIU's deputy, and officers of the Aid DRV Volunteers were the following: 25X1
 - a. LIU Po-ch'eng, commander.
 - b. CH'EN Keng and CHOU Pao-chung (周 保中), deputy commanders.
 - c. CHUANG T'ien, chief of staff.
 - d. CHENG Hua, field commander.
 - e. CH'EN Man-yuan, deputy field commander
 - f. LIN P'ing (林 平), liaison officer or head of the Chinese Military Mission
 - g. HSIAO K'o (萧 克), representative of the Central and South China Military Area Command and 4 Field Army.
 - h. Fononov, Soviet representative.
 - i. Nesitov, Soviet high adviser.
 - j. TENG Ch'un (邓 春), senior Cominform (sic) secretary.

25 YEAR RE-REVIEW

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- 2 -

3. [] the strength of Chinese Communist Aid DRV Volunteers in Kwangsi and Yunnan had been increased to 300,000 troops by additions from the 2 and 4 Field Armies. These troops were at Tunghsing (107-58, 21-33), Nanning, Lungchou (106-56, 22-22), Chinghsi (106-25, 23-09), Paie (106-34, 23-55), and Wenshan (104-14, 23-22) in preparation for the invasion of Indochina. The troops were undergoing jungle and tropical warfare training, and their units were partially identified as follows:
- a. Twenty-five thousand troops, equipped with Soviet arms and stationed in southwest Kwangtung, Nanning and Paie, belonged to the 15 Army Group, 4 Field Army. Many of these troops arrived in Indochina via the Gulf of Tonkin and were scheduled to join DRV troops in an advance on Hanoi. []
- b. Ten thousand troops of the 53 Army were in Indochina under the command of CH'EN Ming-jen. [] 250 of these troops were killed when [] planes bombed Langson.¹
4. [] one regiment of 2,200 troops of the 153 Division, 51 Army, 22 (sic) Army Group, was transferred from the North² to Mingchiang (107-11, 22-09) over the Laipin-Chennankuan railway via Nanning. The troops were equipped with 5 x 105 mm field guns, 7 x 76 mm automatic anti-tank guns, and an unknown number of Soviet sub-machine guns and Czech machine guns.
1. []
2. Comment. Probably northeast Kwangsi

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